# Science

**Everyday Materials** – Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made.

Identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water and rock.

Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials.

Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties.

Uses of everyday materials - Identify and compare the suitability of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses.

Find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.

#### Seasonal Changes

Observe changes across the four seasons.

Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.

CREST STAR AWARDS (STEM)

# Geography

MFL

French

ioining in and responding.

new words that are introduced.

Locational knowledge

Name and locate the world's

Name, locate and identify

Human and physical geography

use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to:

key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather

seven continents and five oceans.

key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop.

Identify the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles.

#### Geographical skills and fieldwork

Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks ad basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key.

Use simple observational skills to study key human and physical features.

Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by

Explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and

rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words.

Describe people, places, things and actions orally.

Appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language

Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand

Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at

Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map.

Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a use and construct basic symbols in a key.

Place Knowledge - Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical area of The United Kingdom, and a small area in a contrasting non-European country.

### **Physical Education**

characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas.

Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities

Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and

Perform dances using simple movement patterns.

Swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 10 metres Use arms and legs simultaneously.

Know safety rules of the pool.

KS1: Year B Curriculum Overview

#### Art

Use a range of materials creatively to design and make products. Use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination.

Develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space.

Learn about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.

#### Computing

Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies.

> Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content.

Create and debug simple programs

Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs.

Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school.

Understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions.

#### History

framework.

Events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or

Significant historical events, people and places in their own locality.

Lives of significant individuals in the past who have contribute national and international achievements.

Know where the events and people studied fit within a chronological

# **Design Technology**

Design purposeful, functional appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria. Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas

through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology

Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing].

Select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics.

Explore and evaluate a range of existing products. Evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria

Mechanical - Levers and linkages
Food - use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes, understand where

Textiles - joining materials

#### Religious Christianity and Islam **Education**

Giving something up Lent (Christianity), Ramadan (Islam) Giving and Receiving Christmas (Christianity) Eid Al Fitr (Islam)

Stories from a prophet

Searching for signs and symbols in everyday life of the faith.

Special Places – where and how can reflections and prayers be made?

**Opportunities** 

How do we show we belong? What is good?

Stories of care and concern

Right and wrong

# **PSHE and SRE**

**Jigsaw** 

Autumn 1: Being Me in My World

Autumn 2: Celebrating Difference (including anti-bullying)

Spring 1: Dreams and Goals

Spring 2: Healthy Me

Summer 2: Changing Me (including Sex Education)

# **Enrichment**

**Pantomime** 

Visits from faith groups

Author visit Charity work

Forest school

Dance workshops Whole school productions

Sports Partnership with local schools

**British Science Association CREST** 

Visit from Olympic athlete

Visiting therapy dog

Visits to inspire our values e.g. Bart Gee

# Summer 1: Relationships

Music

Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes

Play tuned and untuned instruments musically

Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music

Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music.

Learning Together, Learning for Life https://www.breakinglimits.co.uk/

simple map; an

geography of a small